

# GARE 53

## Material Safety Data Sheet

May be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910 1200. Standard must be consulted for specific requirements.

## U.S. Department of Labor

Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
(Non-Mandatory Form)  
Form Approved  
OMB No. 1218-0072

IDENTITY (as Used on Label and List)  
**Gare SY-4436 Masque-All**

Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable or no information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.

### Section I

Manufacturer's name

**Gare Inc.**

Address (Number, Street, City, State and ZIP Code)

**165 Rosemont Street**

**Haverhill, MA 01831**

Emergency Telephone Number

**Regional Poison Control Center (Poisondex System)**

Telephone Number for Information **978-373-9131**

Date Prepared **November 2004**

Signature of Preparer (optional)

### Section II—Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity, Common Name(s))

OSHA PEL

ACGIH TLV

Other Limits Recommended

% (optional)

**Ammonia Hydroxide (Ammonia)**

**Cas# 1336-21-6**

**< 1.0**



CONFORMS TO  
ASTM D 4236

This material has been evaluated under the provision of LHAMA (Labeling of Hazardous Art Materials Act) and California Proposition 65 by a board certified toxicologist. This product was judged to be (acutely, chronically) toxic or flammable under the proposed use conditions.

A special warning label is required under the provision of LHAMA and/or California Proposition 65 (label information).

The label should state, "Conforms to ASTM D 4236"

### Section III—Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point	<b>212°F – 232°F</b>	Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1)	<b>0.97</b>
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	<b>11.9 (of ammonia)</b>	Melting Point	<b>Unknown</b>
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)	<b>&gt;1</b>	Evaporation Rate (ether = 1)	<b>Slower than ether</b>

Solubility in Water **Appreciable**

Appearance and Odor **White thin liquid, slight ammonia odor.**

### Section IV—Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Method Used)	<b>&gt;300°F</b>	Flammable Limits	<b>none established</b>	LEL		UEL	
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Extinguishing Media **Product; use water, alcohol foam, CO<sup>2</sup> or dry chemical extinguishers**

Special Fire Fighting Procedures **Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved equipment including a positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus in any closed space.**

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards **May emit toxic fumes of ammonia. Ammonia vapors can form explosive mixture with air. When burned, may emit water, nitrogen oxides, ammonia, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and smoke.**

(Reproduce locally)

OSHA 174 Sept. 1985

<b>Section V—Reactivity Data</b>			
Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid <b>none known</b>
	Stable	<b>x</b>	
Incompatibility ( <i>Materials to Avoid</i> ) <b>Strong oxidizing agents. Coagulates in acid medium. Contamination by copper, magnesium and its alloys will deteriorate the rubber.</b>			
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts <b>Ammonia and by combustion, oxides of carbon and nitrogen.</b>			
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid <b>none known</b>
	Will Not Occur	<b>x</b>	
<b>Section VI—Health Hazard Data</b>			
Route(s) of Entry	Inhalation? <b>yes</b>	Skin? <b>yes</b>	Ingestion? <b>yes</b>
Health Hazards ( <i>Acute and Chronic</i> ) <b>EYE: Excessive ammonia vapor exposure may cause severe irritation to eyes.</b>			
<b>SKIN: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate irritation to individual.</b>			
<b>INGESTION: Indigestible if swallowed. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING, may cause blockage.</b>			
<b>INHALATION: Excessive ammonia vapor exposure may cause severe respiratory irritation.</b>			
Carcinogenicity <b>Not suspected</b>	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?
Signs and Symptoms of Exposure <b>unknown</b>			
Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure <b>unknown</b>			
Emergency and First Aid Procedures <b>EYE: Flush eyes with copious amount of water until no evidence of the chemical remains. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.</b>			
<b>SKIN: Wash skin thoroughly with soap &amp; water. See physician if irritation persists.</b>			
<b>INGESTION: If swallowed, dilute with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING, may cause blockage. Seek medical attention.</b>			
<b>INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. Apply oxygen if breathing is difficult.</b>			
<b>Section VII—Precautions for Safe Handling and Use</b>			
Steps to Be Taken in Case Material Is Released or Spilled <b>If material is released or spilled, provide ventilation, stop discharge and dam up to limit spreading. Pick up with absorbent material or coagulate with acid solution &amp; place in suitable container for further handling or disposal. Do not flush spill into open sewers, drains or public waterways.</b>			
Waste Disposal Method <b>As a liquid, incinerate. As a solid, incinerate or dispose of at landfill site in accordance to current local, state and federal environmental regulations.</b>			
Precautions to Be Taken in Handling and Storing <b>Keep containers closed when not in use. Wear protective clothing &amp; glasses to prevent eye or skin contact.</b>			
Other Precautions <b>Do not use in equipment made of copper or brass. Provide proper ventilation to avoid excessive breathing of ammonia vapors.</b>			
<b>Section VII—Control Measures</b>			
Respiratory Protection ( <i>Specify Type</i> ) <b>Not for spray application.</b>			
Ventilation	Local Exhaust	<b>Provide good air circulation &amp; exhaust to prevent build-up of ammonia vapors.</b>	Special <b>N/A</b>
	Mechanical ( <i>General</i> )	<b>N/A</b>	Other <b>N/A</b>
Protective Gloves	<b>rubber or polyethylene</b>		Eye Protection <b>Wear chemical splash goggles or select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910, 133.</b>
Other Protective Clothing or Equipment <b>As necessary to prevent skin contact.</b>			
Work/Hygienic Practices <b>Maintain personal and work area cleanliness</b>			